

**The Clothing
That Keeps
Our Word**

When we tell you
that a suit of
Campbell's Clothing
will keep its shape,
that suit will do
just what we claim
for it.

And we would ask you to
judge Campbell's Clothing by
the service it gives you and
not only by the reasonable
price you must pay for it.



Wm. McLaughlin,
Registered.
21 McGill College Avenue

Campbell's Clothing

The flow of wealth has barely
begun but it must reach every
channel of commerce and in-
dustry. The Government will
not get its revenue from profits
unless business thrives.

CASE

507 St. Catherine Street W.

ANGLINS LIMITED
CONTRACTING ENGINEERS

65 Victoria St. Montreal.

Tel. Up. 2640

Estimates, Etc. Furnished upon request.

J. PENROSE ANGLIN, B.Sc.

CONRAD D. HARRINGTON, B.Sc.

HAROLD C. JOHNSTON, B.A.Sc.

The Riordon Pulp and Paper Co.,
LIMITEDBleached Sulphite Pulp Unbleached Sulphite Pulp
Lumber

Head Office Montreal

Hawkesbury, Ont.

Calumet, Que.

Merriton, Ont.

St. Jovite, Que.

Haileybury, Ont.

Annonciation, Que.

Combined with
Milk and
Sugar

BORDEN'S
Reindeer
Coffee

No trouble to prepare a cup
of delicious, strong, fragrant
coffee.
25c. tin will make 25 cups.

BORDEN MILK CO., Limited
Montreal

Just Add
Boiling
Water

Christmas - Greeting Cards.

Let the card, which will be the dumb messenger
of your greetings this year, be a true representation
of your feelings.

It is no trouble to select from our stock the missive
you desire, the selection being so complete as to
suit all requirements.

Mappin & Webb
CANADA LIMITED

353 St. Catherine Street, W. Montreal.

**DR. CALDWELL
SPOKE BEFORE
PEOPLE'S FORUM**

"Is There Anything We Can
Learn from Germany?"

SPLendid ADDRESS.

Success of Germany Largely Due
to Efficient Organization of
Resources.

(Special to the "McGill Daily")
Through the kindness of Dr. Cald-
well we are privileged to publish the
following report of his address deliv-
ered before the People's Forum yes-
terday afternoon.

Dr. Caldwell, head of the Depart-
ment of Philosophy, spoke yesterday
afternoon before a large and appre-
ciative audience at the People's
Forum of Montreal. None but a man
like Dr. Caldwell could have treated
competently a subject so difficult as
that delivered yesterday afternoon,
namely, "Is there anything we can
learn from Germany?" The speaker's
intelligent information about Ger-
many, based on first hand informa-
tion, together with his vast knowledge
of philosophy and social problems, en-
abled him to give an address that was
both erudite and masterly.

"Before saying a word, Ladies and
Gentlemen, about the apparent an-
omaly and contradiction in this very
subject, allow me to say that how-
ever foreign it may well appear to be
to our whole attitude at the present
time, it is a subject which I cannot
myself approach without a consid-
erable element of sympathy. I am one
of those men," said Dr. Caldwell, "and
there are a good many of us in Can-
ada, in Britain, in America and else-
where, to whom Germans, German
philosophy, German learning, and
German life have meant very much
in the past. When I read of the war
I see France and Frenchmen. I know
how the German soldiers look, how
they feel, I know what they sing, what
they think about England, France and
America, what they think of their
homes, their lovely old villages and
so on. I have talked to all kinds of
people in Germany, have received Ger-
man professors in my home, and have
written to Germans, through America,
since the war, but it has all now de-
finitely stopped.

"When I first went to Germany I
had the ordinary idea that a young
Scotchman, who had read Goethe and
Schiller, who had loved German mu-
sic, etc., might be expected to have.
On my arrival there I got my shock
of course, at things like the cafe life,
the apparently excessive beer drink-
ing, the poverty of attendance at
churches, etc. I found myself ad-
miring the erudition and the science
and the freedom of research at the
Universities, while not being able to
take the same high view of the per-
sonal culture and refinement of the
professors and the men of letters that
I felt I could take of the correspond-
ing class at Oxford. Moreover, I
found that Germany as a whole was
no longer interested in the ideals:
Philosophy that we young Britishers
thought they would be interested in,
but that the real Germany was ob-
viously the Germany of the mar-
vellous German State, of the scientific
institute that was the rival of the
older University, of the organization
in every sphere of action that has
staggered the world.

It is pathetic to think that this war
will have the effect of eclipsing for
the world the older Germany, that
had such a spiritual and aesthetic
value for mankind. It is pathetic
that the mass of peace-loving Ger-
mans should have been plunged by
the military class, and the new finan-
ciers and the business barons into
this devastating war when they were
rapidly gaining an economic and po-
litical ascendancy in the world. If we
take the ground that this war was to
Germany but an incident in the larger
scheme of the economic, intellectual
and political supremacy of the world
at which she aimed in the light of her
exalted national philosophy and her
consciousness of her military power,
we have two important considerations
in the light of which we must view
our whole subject.

"The first of these is that we are
all doubtless to some extent implicat-
ed in the commercialism, the mam-
monism, the 'business-first' policy
that led to this war; the main dif-
ference so far between ourselves and
Germany being that she prepared for
its probability better than we did.
There are many people who view the
war with national indifference, who
wash their hands of the whole business,
who say it is no concern of
theirs, and are just waiting to get
back to the old money-making and
the old 'business as usual.' Before I
close I will endeavour to speak more
explicitly of the supreme matter of
the great human issues of the war. I
shall waive, therefore, the immediate
point of the precise share of our re-
sponsibility (Continued on Page 3.)

WHAT'S ON.**TO-DAY.**

7.30 p.m.—Hockey Practice at the
Arena.
7.30 p.m.—Mandolin Club.
8.00 p.m.—Meeting of Dental So-
ciety.

COMING.

Dec. 4.—Med. Freshman and Sopho-
more Dinner, Freeman's.
R.V.C. basketball practice, 5.10 p.m.
Dec. 5.—Glee Club practice in Union
at 8.00 p.m.
Dec. 5.—Basketball Practice.
Dec. 7.—Arts Undergrad. Smoker.
Dec. 8.—Partial Students' Tea --
R.V.C.
Dec. 12.—Historical Club Meeting.
Dec. 13.—National vs. McGill, hockey
at Arena, 10 to 11 p.m.

**SCIENCE MAN
WRITES FROM
BATTLE FRONT**

Lieut. J. A. Wood, Sci. '14, With
Canadian Engineers.

SAW AIR BATTLE.

Norm. McCaghey Becomes Major
—Meets Many McGill Men
in France.

The following letter has been re-
ceived by a Science man from Lieut.
J. A. Wood, Science '14. Lieut.
Wood, whose home is in Melbourne,
Que., has been in France for over a
year with the Canadian Engineers.
On August 17 he received the Military
Cross.

Somewhere in France,
Sept. 30, 1917.

Dear Jim—I received your letter
on the 27th of this month. It took
nearly two months to get here, but
it was none the less welcome. I was
sure pleased to hear from you. Thank
you for your congratulations. It
means a lot to me, but it is too bad
that so many deserve the Cross and
never get it. Someone in authority
has to see anything before it is re-
cognized, and so many things that are
worthy of the V.C. are never seen.

I have been over in France a year
now, and away from home nearly
two. I have seen Harry Thompson
quite a number of times; he is with
a Pioneer Battalion. I have also seen
Norm. McCaghey; he has his major-
ity now, and he sure deserves it. He
makes a fine officer, and his men
and officers just adore him.

We had quite a little bit of ex-
citement around here yesterday (I am
out of the line for a few days). A
Boche plane came over in the morn-
ing, and brought down one of our
observation balloons in flames. In the
evening he came back and got an-
other. Our anti-aircraft guns were
tearing things loose, but he was get-
ting away with it. All of a sudden (I
don't know where they came from at
this minute), four of our scouts ap-
peared on the scene; three headed him
off and one attacked. It was right
over our billets, never more than 100
feet up, and sometimes as low as 25
feet. All the time there was the pat-
pat-pat of the machine guns, and the
bullets were cutting grass all around
(Continued on Page 2.)

**FIRST HOCKEY PRACTICE
TODAY TO-NIGHT.**

The first hockey prac-
tice will be held this even-
ing at the Arena at 7.30.
As the schedule of the
League starts on the 18th
inst., it is absolutely ne-
cessary that every mem-
ber of the squad turns out
and be in the pink of con-
dition for the opening
game.

Every man in college
with any hockey ability is
requested to be on hand
this evening, and bring
his hockey outfit with
him.

The following men are
asked to be at the Arena
at 7 p.m., as well as all
others wishing to try for
places on the team:

Dooner, Lally, Davis
Cully, Hughes, Whitcombe,
Anderson, Beach, Heney,
McGillis, Gallery, Robil-
lard, Rothschild, Behan,
Murphy, Birks, Rooney.

A full attendance of undergraduates
is requested.

**McGILL GRAD.
TOOK PART IN
FIGHT AT LENS**

Capt. E. P. Cowles, Science '10,
Describes Experience in
France.

"WAR IS HELL."

Description of Advance—Despite
Horror of it All, Motto is
"Carry On."

Capt. E. P. Cowles, Science '10,
who has been with the Royal En-
gineers in France for the past 15
months, wrote to his family as fol-
lows regarding his experience at Lens
last August.

My three officers and forty of the
men were picked as a party of ex-
perts to follow up an attack and
search for cellars and dug-outs to
shelter our infantry in the occupied
area. The rains delayed things for
over two weeks, so we "stood by" in
camp, and had a good rest. Then on
the 15th the event took place. You
have read in the papers what a bril-
liant success our boys had on that
day. I ran into several college friends
in making arrangements with the
different brigades and battalions. You
know everyone out here hopes to
over the top at least once and live
through it, and those of us who get
the opportunity are much envied, and
with whom do you think I chanced
to go over? The old Victoria Rifles.
I'll never forget that day! We all
had special badges on our tunic
sleeves, and the men are proud of
them as can be.

The party paraded the night before
and went up in motor lorries part way.
We ran into a gas shell bombard-
ment, but had no casualties, and
reached our picked positions about 3
a.m.

The attack was timed for the dusk,
before daylight. There were awesome
moments, for the Boches were shell-
ing and our guns were still, and then
the sudden roar from hundreds of
guns, and the swish of thousands of
machine gun bullets going over our
heads.

Walking over to the enemy trenches
was as safe as drilling in England—
this time. The infantry went right
on and took all their objectives, and
our four parties started in on our
work.

It was exciting in that shells were
dropping close all day long, and the
bombardment was kept up for 16
hours. I took five German prisoners
myself. It is pitiful to see the suffer-
ings of the wounded, but they are
very brave, and are carried out as
soon as possible. One becomes ter-
ribly callous to the sight of dead
men—our own and those of the en-
emy. They lie about in all posi-
tions, but generally face downwards.
... you need water you take his bottle,
while some thought of "poor boy"
goes through your mind, and then you
"carry on" with your work.

We came out that night and were
extremely lucky; one officer and one
man killed and another slightly
wounded. It was bad about Phillips;
he had done splendid work, and got
his shell after he had finished his
job.

And then the sensations next day!
First of all cocoa and biscuits at the
advanced dressing station along with
the prisoners. They looked as though
they could mop up food and drink
for days. Then the tramp back to
where our lorries picked us up, and
home for breakfast. Forty-eight
hours with about four hours' sleep. I
looked in the mirror and saw my
dirty face, and was filled with won-
der and joy at the realization that I
had been through it without a
scratch.

I have written you all this just to
let you know what it is like. If I
don't get through next time, well,
dying is easy, and for one's country
is, after all, a pretty satisfactory way.
War is hell! and such a war as
this must never take place again.
(Since the receipt of the above
communication, Captain Cowles has
been awarded the Military Cross, but
particulars are lacking regarding his
decoration, as he has refrained from
anything more than a mere allusion
to the circumstances.—Ed.)

DENTAL SOCIETY MEETING.

The regular monthly meeting of
the Dental Undergraduate Society
will be held to-night at 8 o'clock, in
the New Medical Building. Dr. T. A.
Stevenson will be the speaker of the
evening, and those who have heard
him before will not need a second
invitation to the meeting. However,
for the benefit of the First Year stu-
dents who have not yet had the
pleasure of hearing Dr. Stevenson we
might say that his talks are always
interesting and instructive.
A full attendance of undergraduates
is requested.



The fine, rich flavour and
lasting qualities of

STAG

have made this famous
chewing tobacco a prime
favorite all over Canada.

It satisfies because the natural
flavor of the tobacco is in it.

ROOFING SUPPLIES

Felt, Pitch, Gravel, Coal Tar, Slate, Gutters, Conduc-
tors and Fittings, Ready Roofings. Large stock, prompt
delivery. Reasonable prices.

GEO. W. REED & CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL

Steel Buildings, Bridges, Tanks, Towers, Penstocks,
Smoke-Stacks and steel plate work of every
description.

MACKINNON, HOLMES & CO., LIMITED
Sherbrooke Que.

Discount on
Leather
Goods
to Students

Sumontagne Limited
BALMORAL BLOCK
338 Notre Dame Street West
MONTREAL, C.N.
(Near McGill Street)

Branch:
413 ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST

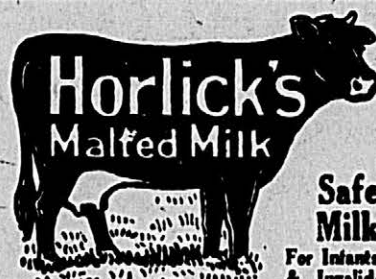
Drink GURD'S Drinks**"They satisfy."**

GURD'S GINGER ALE.—The Basic Beverage upon the reputation of
which the "House of Gurd" has been built to such large propor-
tions.

GURD'S CALEDONIA WATER.—The Select Table Water.

GURD'S DRY GINGER ALE.—The Selectest Success of the most Se-
lect Social Seasons.

Ask for Gurd's Drinks at "The Union," "The Club," "The Frater-
nity," and from "Your Home Purveyor."

**Safe
Milk**

For Infants
& Invalids
Quick Lunch! Home or Office.
Keep Horlick's Always on Hand
A Nutritious Diet for All Ages

FIT REFORM CLOTHES**Black and Blue**

Not the kind you get when the
auto "turns turtle"—but the kind
of Suits that look mighty neat and
dressy on every man.

We have these popular colors in
the snappy new Fall Styles.

444 St. Catherine St. West

McGill Daily

THE ONLY COLLEGE DAILY IN CANADA.

The Official Organ of the Students' Society of McGill University.

Published Every Day Except Sunday by
THE STUDENTS' COUNCIL.

Editorial Department Up. 433.
Business Department Up. 433.
Advertising Department Main 2662.

President.
K. P. Tolson, '18.

Editor-in-Chief—A. S. Noad, '19. Managing Editor—A. I. Smith, '19.
Circulation Manager—F. W. Almond.

News Board.
H. A. Aylen, '19. E. S. Mills, '19. H. C. Cassidy, '20.

Associate Editors.
R. DeWitt Scott, B.A. J. L. O'Brien, '20. C. W. Kilgour, '19.
J. R. Dunbar, '20. N. Vineberg, '20. D. Rothchild, '19.
O. Klineberg, '19. N. B. Freedman, '20. J. W. Smith, '21.
B. Usher, '19. Grant Smart, '19. A. Davis, '19.
C. B. Smith, '20. H. Lipsey, '19. S. G. Elliot, '22.
J. E. Lloyd, W. M. Ritchie, '19. A. D. McGibbon, '19.
B. N. Holtham, '19. W. M. Bourke, '20. H. R. Cromwell, '20.
W. A. Murray, '20. J. C. McClure, '20. R. J. Clark, '19.
E. A. Center, '20. S. J. Usher, '20.

REPORTERS.
K. Livingstone, '21. I. Boyce, '21. G. H. Phillimore, '21.
O. Franklin, '21. A. J. Feldstein, '21. S. Dworkin, '21.
G. G. Layton, '21. W. G. Borowick, '21. A. Dectar, '21.
H. Clapham, '21. J. S. G. Shotwell, '21. B. Hyams, '21.

Alumni Editor.
H. R. Morgan, B.A.

ROYAL VICTORIA COLLEGE STAFF.

Miss E. L. Duff, '18, Editor.
Miss F. Basner, '19, Asst. Editor.
REPORTERS.
M. Young, '19; A. Sharples, '21. L. Macdonald, '19; L. Roston, '20;
E. Monk, '19; M. Macnaughton, '19. R. Rogers, '19.
Macdonald College Representative—W. A. Maw.
Editor in charge of this Issue—H. A. Aylen, '19.

SOCIAL FUNCTIONS.

At the last regular meeting of the Students' Council an announcement was made that the Committee on Students' Social Functions have given their permission for the holding of three skating parties, which will be followed by informal dances. The attitude of this Committee during the past two years has been for the most part unfavorable towards social events of this kind on the ground that they might in some way reflect on the character of McGill students and their attitude towards the war, and its consequent suffering. The opinion of many students has been in keeping with this attitude, and on several occasions social functions which had become of annual occurrence have been considerably curtailed or abolished altogether by the various student societies, acting on their own initiative.

The Daily has always encouraged social activities at college in war time, for it seems to us that this is the very time when moderate forms of recreation are most required to keep up the spirit and morale of the undergraduates. If students do not indulge in adequate relaxation they almost invariably lose their energy and become morose and pessimistic, if their health does not break down completely.

The education which a man obtains at a University is, of course, his chief acquisition during these years, but besides this, the fact that he is a college student or a college graduate, opens certain recreative channels, which are not open to an ordinary citizen. While he is an undergraduate he is specially privileged in being eligible for membership in a number of societies composed of men who take an interest in some particular branch of knowledge. He is wise if he avails himself of these manifold opportunities, not the least of which is the opportunity to indulge in the more exclusively social events which may chance to take place during his course, for these as a rule are on a decidedly higher plane than is usually the case. It seems too bad, therefore, that a student should be forced to take his recreation elsewhere than at college. No one who knows McGill students, and the atmosphere of McGill University, could doubt for a minute that the student body fully realizes the seriousness of the present war situation. But McGill students do not believe in "registering" a "long" face in spite of exceptionally depressing conditions. The social functions particularly referred to above should prove to be a decidedly popular innovation, and in fact, are sure to meet with the full support of the student body.

EDITORIAL NOTE.

The first hockey practice of the season will be held at the Arena this evening. In view of the fact that the schedule of the League books the first game for the 18th of the month, it is imperative that every member of the squad attend the few drills which it is possible to hold prior to that date. Every man who possesses any ability as a hockey player should feel it to be his duty to turn out to these practices. The prospects this year, as far as McGill is concerned, are bright, and if those who possess ability will but proffer their wholehearted assistance, we have every reason to hope that the Red and White will carry off the honours in the City League.

ARTS FRESHMEN.

It is usually the custom for first year students to tender some sort of an entertainment to the sophomores of their respective faculties. Our attention has been drawn to the fact that no such entertainment has been given this year by the freshmen of the Faculty of Arts. This is causing considerable comment, which is not confined to the Arts Faculty alone.

MASS. COLLEGE LIBRARY.

Rare books on agriculture were exhibited by Mr. Charles R. Green, librarian of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, as illustrations to his lecture before the library class of the College of Business and Administration of Boston University. Among them were "The Book of Husbandry," London, 1562; Rusden's "A Further Discovery of Bees," London, 1679; and the first volume of the first North American agricultural periodical, the American Farmer, Baltimore, 1819.

Mr. Green divided agricultural literature into two main parts, the inspirational books, and the agricultural works, beginning with Virgil and ending with the present day text book, or book of observation of nature. Under the business or technical classification other than texts, reference material and so forth, the speaker dwelt especially on government publications and the educational matter issued by business firms. The publications of the United States Department of Agriculture since the reorganization of its publication work a few years ago have been much more regular and easy to trace. Publications of the International Harvester Company, German Kall Works, Armour and Company, Swift and Company, Chilean Nitrate Works and others are especially valuable in later development of different phases of agriculture which have not yet found their way into books.

The class is to visit financial libraries during the Thanksgiving vacation, and a lecture on financial reference work is to be given by the librarian in charge of each library.

RECENT NEWS CONCERNING MCGILL GRADUATES IN BOTH MILITARY AND CIVIL SPHERES OF ACTIVITY

Captain Cyrus Macmillan, Professor of English at McGill, and Now Second in Command of the McGill Siege Battery, Publishes "Canadian Wonder Tales."—Names of Several McGill Men Appear in Recent Casualty Lists.

Capt. Howard Miller.

Word has been received that Captain Howard Miller, past student, died of wounds on November 18. Captain Miller was in the flying column of the Field Artillery, and it was in one of the recent "pushes" that he was fatally wounded. Before leaving Canada with the 35th Battery of Sherbrooke, he was a qualified officer in the active militia, and enlisted in the C. E. F. in August, 1915, and proceeded overseas in February, 1916. He was slightly wounded in the operations at Vimy Ridge, but remained at duty.

He was several times mentioned in despatches for conspicuous bravery in caring for wounded under heavy shell fire. Remaining with the 35th Batt. until reorganization, he was transferred to the 30th Battery, giving up the offer of a majority in order to take a five-weeks' course at the base.

The late Captain Miller was educated at Grand Ligne, and Bishop's College, Lennoxville, also at McGill College, and was a noted athlete, his nickname "Dusty" having been won for him by his plunges and slides on the football and baseball fields.

At the time of his enlistment he was Secretary Treasurer of the Eastern Townships' Agricultural Association at Sherbrooke, P.Q.

Captain Miller was born 30 years ago, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Miller, of Hoonosocket, R.I.

He leaves a widow and two small children, who reside with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, 78 Fifth Avenue, Ottawa.

Lieut. John S. Hall.

Lieut. John S. Hall, Sci. '14, second son of Mrs. Hall, 355 Mountain street, Montreal, and of the late Hon. John S. Hall, is in Croxteth Hall Hospital, Liverpool, suffering from slight wounds, according to a private cable received from him by his mother. An official cable from the Imperial War Office received on Nov. 23, stated that Lieut. Hall, who is with the Imperial Tank Corps, had been admitted to No. 2 Red Cross Hospital, Rouen, suffering from severe gunshot wounds in scalp and wrist.

Lieut. Hall served first as a sergeant in the 148th Battalion before it went overseas. Fourteen months ago he received a commission in the Engineers, finally going overseas last April, with a section of the Skilled Railway employees. In August, he transferred to the Tank Corps, Imperial Army, and went to France. His younger brother, Lieut. T. S. Hall, Sci. '14, was reported wounded, missing and believed killed on Oct. 30. His brother-in-law, Capt. H. H. Scott, Law '14, 87th Battalion, Canadian Grenadier Guards, was killed in action on Oct. 21, 1916.

Lieut. R. E. Macafee, M.C.

James Macafee, Millstream, N.B., has been officially advised that his son, Lieut. Ralph Evans Macafee, Sci. '10, of the Engineers, was on November 7 admitted to No. 6 Canadian Field Ambulance Depot, suffering from a slight gunshot wound in the hip. Lieut. Macafee has been three times wounded, has been mentioned in despatches, and has won the Military Cross. Before enlistment he was employed by the Canadian Westinghouse Co.

Lieut. H. S. Fry.

Mr. H. Fry, Law '88, of 66 McTavish street, has received word from Ottawa that his son, Lieut. Henry S. Fry, Arts '14, Law '16, of the Highland unit commanded by Lt.-Col. Cantile, is at the Duchess of Westminster's Hospital at Le Touquet, suffering from gunshot wounds. Lieut. Fry went overseas with the McGill General Hospital unit, and was transferred to the Highland battalion. He is 24 years of age.

Capt. Macmillan's Book.

In a recent issue of the Boston "Evening Transcript," A. St. John Adecock, editor of the English review, the "Bookman" says: "An interesting volume that John Lane will be publishing shortly is 'Canadian Wonder Tales,' by Captain Cyrus Macmillan, (Arts '00). It will be illustrated in colors by George Sheringham. Macmillan's people have for the last two generations been Canadian born. Before the war he was a professor at McGill University; but a few months ago he arrived with his regiment in England as a captain of artillery. I met him in London in March, and we lunched together with Quartermaster Sergeant David Christie, formerly another McGill professor, now of the same battery of Canadian artillery (McGill University Siege Battery). A week later I heard they were both in France, and at this moment they are busy with the great push in which the Canadians have just scored a big success. Macmillan was telling me of this book. For some years before the war he had been engaged on behalf of his Government going about collecting folk-tales for official publication, and had obtained permission to use a certain number of them separately in a book of his own. He offered the book to the American branch of a well-known English house, and their reader reported enthusiastically on it, but said he believed the tales were works of imagination, and not genuine folk-tales. Satisfactory terms not being arrived at, Macmillan brought the book over to London with him, and sent it to John Lane, who was greatly struck with it, and at once arranged to publish it. A copy of the first reader's report had been sent with it, but Lane's reader dissented from this, saying it would need a genius no less than Shakespeare's to invent such stories. They are, of course, authentic folk-tales of Canada, taken down at first hand, and from what Macmillan told me of them I should say they are as curiously fascinating as they are new."

Brothers Meet at Front.

Another instance of unusual meetings and re-unions on the war front is referred to in a letter which Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Young, Ottawa, have received from their son, Corpl. Joseph Arthur Young. For the first time in 14 years Mr. Young's two sons have met and the meeting took place where the German shells made things more than interesting. Corpl. Young, who is a South African veteran, went West 14 years ago, and some time ago enlisted in Winnipeg with the Engineers. The other brother, Major R. T. Young, Comm. '14, has been at the front since about the beginning of the war, having enlisted in Ottawa. The letter, in part, follows:

"I have had the pleasure of catching up with Richard, as the saying goes, and we spent the night together in his dugout or, to be more exact, only part of the night, as Fritz shelled his battery so heavily with gas and high explosives that we had to get out and seek cover in a nearby pill box, where we stayed till morning. I didn't like the looks of his dugout, in the first place, but did not say anything, as I thought he must know himself whether it was safe or not. But in the morning, I told him he better get a better place, and he immediately ordered supplies for that purpose. It is impossible to dig in here, but then he had nothing whatever overhead but a piece of canvas and the way the mud would come down on that, when a shell would land close, would make you shiver. Then, too, there was gas. However, we were both all right, but I was somewhat scared of the gas, as I had never had my gas mask on for so long a time before, and it was quite uncomfortable. I tell you, I found Richard looking fine, but I thought he was thinner than he looks in a photo, which I have of him. He is pretty well fed up with it all, as most every one is and wishes it was over. I left him next day at noon, but he is coming to our camp when he comes out of the line, and we are going to have a big feed together."

Med. Graduate Wounded.

Dr. G. M. Forster, Med. '97, who was recently reported wounded, has written to a friend stating that his wounds were very light, and did not necessitate his being off duty.

The marriage took place quietly last week, of Helen, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Macpherson.

THE WEEK IN REVIEW.

Major Andrew Macphail, recently returned from the front, addressed the Alumni Society in the R.V.C. on Tuesday evening.

The Glee Club held a rehearsal on Tuesday in the Union. The business of training is progressing in a very satisfactory manner, and the club bids fair to be a huge success.

Wednesday evening was the occasion for the holding of the third meeting of the Historical Club in Strathcona Hall. R. de Witt Scott presented a very instructive paper on "Das Kapital" and the Socialistic movement.

An impromptu speaking contest was held in the R.V.C. on Wednesday. Miss Fowler and Miss Mawdsley were awarded prizes.

News received to the effect that Lieut. L. C. (Monty) Montgomery, well known half back of the champion McGill football team, has been slightly wounded.

The Annual Medical Dance was held in the Assembly Hall of the New Medical Building. Prince Ioanidu, representative of Queen Marie of Roumania, was present in the interest of the Roumanian Red Cross. The evening was an unqualified success. The proceeds of the event were donated to the Roumanian Red Cross Society.

The Sixth Annual Banquet of the American Club was held on Thursday evening at the Windsor Hotel. About thirty members were in attendance, and an excellent programme was provided, concluded by a dance.

The Science Undergraduate Society held a most successful smoker in the Union on Friday evening. Nearly one hundred Scientists were present. The smokers were abundant, and the programme was worthy of the highest praise.

The regular meeting of the Students' Council was held Friday evening. Report read regarding holding of social functions during the winter. Permission received for the staging of skating parties and dances.

The old farce "Maitre Patelin" was presented in the R.V.C. Common Room, Saturday afternoon, under the auspices of the Societe Francaise.

son, to Captain F. E. Gendron, Sci. '15, of the Royal Canadian Engineers, Quebec, younger son of the late F. A. Gendron, M.P., and Mrs. Gendron, of Hull Quebec. Captain and Mrs. Gendron left immediately after the ceremony for New York, and on their return will reside at 63 Fraser street, Quebec.

Col. H. S. Birkett, Med. '86, commander of McGill Hospital, is now undergoing treatment at Bath, and the proposed operation has fortunately been found to be unnecessary, but in all probability his health will require his return to Canada.

The marriage of Miss Enid Evans, daughter of Mrs. W. H. Evans, University street, Montreal, to Mr. George Marcoux, C.E., only son of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Marcoux, of Quebec, took place in Montreal recently. Mr. Marcoux and his bride left for Quebec, and on their return will reside at the Bishop Court Apartments.

G. R. MacLeod, Sci. '97, has been invited to join the Imperial Munitions Board staff at Washington, D.C., and has been granted leave of absence by the Board of Control of Montreal for this purpose. He has been in charge of the city's sewerage system.

Lieut. J. S. Brisbane, Sci. '14, who went overseas with the 5th Pioneers, and was gassed in France, has been invalided home.

Dr. W. J. Scott Dead.

Following a brief illness, Dr. William James Scott, Arts '02, Med. '06, a well-known Montreal medical man, died in the General Hospital on November 25. Mr. Scott contracted a septic infection in the course of his practice in Notre Dame de Grace a week ago, and this proved fatal. Born in New Glasgow 36 years ago, and educated at the Montreal High School and at McGill, Dr. Scott served a year in the General Public Hospital, St. John, N.B., later going to Honan, China, as a medical missionary of the Presbyterian Church of Canada. Since returning to Montreal in 1906, he had been practicing medicine in Notre Dame de Grace. He is survived by a widow and two children.

Word has been received that Capt. (Dr.) Arthur M. Fisher, Med. '14, son-in-law of Hon. F. B. Carvell, was killed instantly by a shell, while in discharge of his duty with the 56th Ambulance of the R.A.M.C.

Lt.-Col. Reginald de Lotbiniere Harwood, Med. '95, who went overseas in command of the 51st Battalion, of Edmonton, has been appointed chief operating surgeon in the No. 8 Canadian General Hospital, at St. Cloud, near Paris.

In St. George's Church, Goderich, Ont., on November 21, the marriage was celebrated of Isobel Hill, only daughter of William Proudfoot, K.C., M.P., and Mrs. Proudfoot, to Ernest Hastings Jordan, Sci. '12, Lieutenant of the Canadian Field Artillery, at home on wounded leave from the front, only son of the late F. Jordan and Mrs. Jordan, of Goderich. The Rev. J. B. Fotheringham, of Brantford, and the Rev. A. L. G. Clarke, rector of Goderich, were the officiating clergymen. The bride and bridegroom were unattended owing to the relatives of the families being on active service. After a short wedding trip the bridegroom returns to his battery at the front.

SCIENCE MAN WRITES FROM BATTLE FRONT.

(Continued from Page 1.)

us, but we were too excited to notice them. They twisted and turned, and all the time their machines travelling well over 100 miles per hour. At last our fellow managed to get on his tail, and I swear he was not more than ten feet away from the other machine. We knew it was all over then. The German wobbled a bit, and then came a nasty cropper. But he was sure lucky to get off as easy as he did, for he was only wounded in the face and leg.

Col. — was our C.R.E. and was killed on the Somme; he was a wonderful man, and we all loved him dearly, as nothing was good enough for us, and no person ever put anything over the Engineers while he was with us.

When you speak of the old college and the familiar names of the professors it makes me homesick, but I guess there are as many over here now. I have seen Strathly many times, and Ken, Hague, Bain and Garrow, and many others I can't remember. I see quite a lot of Allan Johnston and I saw Skelton once.

Well, Jim, I guess that is all for now. Remember me to any one you know. I know.

Yours sincerely,
JIM.

Students' Council was held Friday evening. Report read regarding holding of social functions during the winter. Permission received for the staging of skating parties and dances. The old farce "Maitre Patelin" was presented in the R.V.C. Common Room, Saturday afternoon, under the auspices of the Societe Francaise.



THE ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE OF CANADA.

THERE are few national institutions of more value and interest to the country than the Royal Military College of Canada. Notwithstanding this, its object and the work it is accomplishing are not sufficiently understood by the general public.

The College is a Government Institution, designed primarily for the purpose of giving instructions in all and Officers of the Canadian Militia. In fact, it corresponds to Woolwich and Sandhurst.

The Commandant and military instructors are all officers on the active list of the Imperial army, lent for the purpose, and there is in addition a complete staff of professors for the civil subjects which form such an important part of the College course. Medical attendance is also provided.

While the College is organized on a strictly military basis, the cadets receive a practical and scientific training in subjects essential to a sound modern education.

The course includes a thorough grounding in Mathematics, Civil Engineering, Surveying, Physics, Chemistry, French and English.

The strict discipline maintained at the College is one of the most valuable features of the course, and in addition, the constant practice of gymnastics, drilling and outdoor exercises of all kinds, ensures health and excellent physical condition.

Commissions in all branches of the Imperial service and Canadian Permanent Force are offered annually.

The diploma of graduation is considered by the authorities conducting the examination for Dominion Land Surveyor to be equivalent to a B.A. degree, and by the Regulations of the Law Society of Ontario, it obtains the same exemptions as a degree.

The length of the course is three years in three terms of 9½ months each.

The total cost of the course, including board, uniform, instructional material, and all extras is about \$200.

The annual competitive examination for admission to the College, takes place in May of each year, at the headquarters of the several military districts.

For full particulars regarding this examination and for any other information, application should be made to the Secretary of the Militia Council, Ottawa, Ont., or to the Commandant, Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont.

YOUR PRESCRIPTION OUR ACCURACY

Quality is one thing, accuracy another. The best of drugs imperfectly put together may prove a harm rather than a help. We guard the accuracy of all our prescriptions. Our weighing and measuring utensils are of the highest type of perfection, always accurately adjusted, always carefully manipulated. If you want accuracy, we can put it into your prescription.

Uptown 948 O. E. TANEY Uptown 5159

Dispensing Chemist 578 Sherbrooke St. West - MONTREAL

VENUS 10¢ PENCIL

THE perfection of pencil quality—unequaled for smoothness, uniformity of grading and durability.

17 black degrees from 6B softest to 9H hardest, and hard and medium (unlabeled) copyings.

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

Look for the distinctive VENUS finish!

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Lafleur, MacDougall, Macfarlane & Barclay

Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors.
ROYAL TRUST BUILDING.
Eng. Lafleur, K.C.; G. W. MacDougall, K.C.; Lawrence Macfarlane, K.C.; Gregor Barclay, William B. Scott, Hon. Adrian K. Huggess.

Atwater, Surveyer & Bond ADVOCATES

GUARDIAN BLDG., 160 St. James St.
Albert W. Atwater, K.C., Consulting Counsel for the City of Montreal.
William L. Bond, K.C.
E. Fabre Surveyor, K.C.
E. G. T. Fenry, Lucien Beauregard.

Bercovitch, Lafontaine and Gordon

Advocates, etc.

260 St. James Street

Bank of Toronto Building,

Phone Main 5100 & 5101

Fleet, Falconer, Phelan and Bovey

Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

157 ST. JAMES STREET.

C. J. Fleet A. Falconer, K.C.

M. A. Phelan, K.C. C. G. Ogden, K.C.



The intimate contact of the teeth with every morsel of food swallowed emphasizes the necessity of keeping them sound, clean and germ-free by the regular use of

N-A-D-R-U-C-O TOOTH PASTE

25c. a tube—at your Druggist's.

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal.

R. V. C. NOTES.

BASKETBALL.

There will be a basketball practice on Tuesday, Dec. 4th, at 5.10 sharp. The following girls will please turn out:

R. Rogers, K. Milligan, L. Fowler, E. Hay, R. Goodwin, G. Gardner, G. Craig, R. Salomon, B. Abbott, R. Contant, Q. Savage, G. Moody, L. Davidson, M. Goddard, K. Macintosh, H. Nichol, M. Fares, J. Spier, K. Cameron.

J. G. G.

The Victory Loan Campaign at the R. V. C. was very successful.

Miss Brittain, of the Montreal High School, very kindly helped to open this by explaining Canada's need of the loan and its terms, showing what a good business as well as patriotic investment it was.

The parade which followed a few days later with its many ingenious floats and signs, urging us to "Make our dollars Fight," and telling us what others had already subscribed, made us feel in our pockets to see if we proverbially indigent students could not make our dollars do their bit.

The canvasser found a ready response from the staff and students. The undergraduates, aided by some of the partisans, bought a \$100 bond, and the Athletic Society a \$50 bond. The Sophomores nobly did their bit by deciding to buy only silver clasps (I am sure their owners will deem them far more beautiful than gold ones), in order that they might get a bond.

Thus the fund grew, sometimes by leaps and bounds, sometimes very slowly, but always continuing to grow, until on December 1st, the last day of the campaign, it had reached \$4,000. The R.V.C. canvasser, however, had had many rivals, who had succeeded in soliciting more than \$9,000 worth of bonds from some of the staff and students. But whether bought through the college canvasser or not, we are happy in knowing that the college contributed, in all, more than \$13,000 to the Victory Loan.

MCGILL WOMEN'S UNION.

The McGill Women's Union has adopted as its usual method for the despatch of parcels the regular 7 lb. packet (that can be sent to France for 32 cents by Parcels Post, and the 11 lb. parcel for England, which costs \$1.32. It was found that packages of these sizes more quickly reach their destination than the larger packing cases, and the object of the Union is to let its work be of what use and comfort it can as speedily as possible. Mrs. Ernest Brown and members of the Packing Committee have recently transmitted by this means, socks, shirts, caps, mufflers, etc., to the following Units: P.P.C.L.I., 370 articles; to No. 3 (McGill) Canadian Hospital, 92 articles; to the 6th Canadian Siege Battery, 123 articles; to the Borden Motor Machine Gun Battery (Capt. W. Nicholson), 75 articles; to No. 6 Canadian Field Ambulance, 46 articles; as well as 144 boxes of Page and Shaw's Butter Scotch to the 9th Siege Battery in France and the 10th Siege Battery in England, and some individual parcels to men overseas. The Union has also supplied 37 pairs of pyjamas to the Khaki Convalescent Home, and some caps to the Drummond Street Military Hospital.

The rooms of the Union in the New Medical Building are now open on Monday and Thursday afternoons, as well as throughout every Tuesday, for the making of sphagnum moss dressings. A large consignment of moss of good quality has now been received. Very satisfactory reports of the dressings already sent have been received from the Canadian (Ontario) Hospital at Orpington, Kent. The Union has sent directions for making these dressings with standard samples to Canadian Red Cross Branches at Halifax, Winnipeg, Edmonton, and Vancouver, and also to Washington and New York. Sphagnum moss dressings have been officially adopted by the Red Cross Society of the United States, and General Pershing has just cabled for a supply of twenty car loads.

Mrs. R. Warden Lee, on behalf of the Union, is now writing to every McGill man whose name is known to have appeared among the wounded on the casualty lists, to offer a word of sympathy and appreciation. She is also writing to those whose names appear, as having been awarded distinctions. Already in less than three weeks, some 25 such letters have been written. For this purpose the Monday issue of the Daily, with its news of graduates and former students, is of great service, and the Editors of the Daily will continue to earn the thanks of the McGill Women's Union if they can maintain the excellent work of keeping up this supply of information.

MANDOLIN CLUB NOTICE.

There will be a practice of the Mandolin Club at Mr. Peate's Studio at 7.30 to-night.

The members of the Club have been invited to attend the Medical Freshman-Sophomore Dinner on Tuesday night, at which function the Club will perform. This invitation, of course, does not include those members of the Club who are Freshmen in Medicine.

In order that the Dinner Committee may know how many members will attend, it will be understood that those who do not attend the practice will not be present at the dinner itself.

Members are reminded that the Club will perform at the Arts Smoker on Friday.

SOCIETE FRANCAISE
STAGE PLAY AT R.V.C.

"Maitre Patelin" Delivered on Saturday Afternoon by Talented French Students.

On Saturday afternoon, the old French farce "Maitre Patelin" was presented in the Common Room of the R. V. C., by the Societe Francaise, and those who were bold enough to venture out in spite of the weather, found themselves well repaid for their trouble.

When the curtain rose—or rather, since we are dealing with the R.V.C. stage—when the curtains were pulled aside—not one scene, but three, met the eyes of the audience. On the left was a room in the house of Maitre Patelin, sometime "avocat," in the centre the deserted "Place publique," and on the right the booth where M. Guillaume Joceume, the "drapier" was very busy with his quill pens and his account books.

Maitre Patelin and his wife, Guillemette, are discovered lamenting their fate—no longer is the advocate pressed by numerous clients, and consequently there is no money forthcoming from the family exchequer, with which to buy sorely needed clothes—as a matter of fact, it must be admitted that Guillemette's "rags" were rather too charming to warrant her husband's disgust for them. However, clothes they must have, and what more natural than to get the goods for them from the draper across the square. Patelin accordingly lays his plans very carefully.

He enters into conversation with Guillaume, flatters him well on his looks, and his business sagacity, and though "he has not intended buying anything, really cannot resist the temptation of such good cloth." Consequently he says he will take three yards and a half for himself, and for his wife, who is very large, two yards and a half. Then by skilful manoeuvring Patelin manages to carry away the cloth with him, inviting Guillaume to come and sup with him and get his money then. The prospect of some wine and a good fat goose at the expense of another far too much for the draper, and he consents. But, alas, for his hopes—

When he arrives at Patelin's house he is met at the door by Guillemette, "ready to laugh or to weep gallons as long as she can help her husband to keep the cloth without paying for it," and is told, to his amazement, that Patelin has been in bed for 11 weeks, and is even now at the point of death—consequently he has never been near Guillaume's booth and had never bought any cloth from him. Guillaume cannot easily be convinced of this, and there ensues a lively and uproarious argument, in which Guillemette shrieks at the draper, ordering him to lower his voice, and not disturb her husband. At this point Patelin recovers sufficiently to "see things," and fairly queens in the room. Guillaume takes a hurried departure, convinced for the time being that Patelin is out of his mind, and that it is the devil who has robbed him of his cloth, or else that he himself is quite mad.

But Guillaume's troubles are by no means over. For some years he has had in his employ a shepherd named Aquelet. Aquelet has his own ideas on the subject of looking after sheep, and thinking it a shame that some of his flock might possibly be attacked by disease, he avoided this by killing thirty or forty outright. Unfortunately, as he confides to Patelin, who has undertaken his defence at court, these animals cry out when you kill them, and in this way he has been caught red-handed. As Guillaume has thus a clear case against Aquelet, Patelin advises the latter to feign absolute stupidity, and to reply to all questions in court merely by "Bee-ee," like his own sheep.

The ruse succeeds. The judge decided that Aquelet is quite witless, and moreover, he is thrown into such a state of confusion by Guillaume, who finding himself once more in the presence of Patelin, so hopelessly mixes up his grievance against the one with his grievance against the other, that in self defence he dismisses the case, sending Aquelet back to his sheep, but now it is a case of the duped draper. Patelin, alone with Aquelet, demands his fee, but the shepherd still continues replying "Bee-ee," in ever varying intonations, until he finally runs off calling back, "If he catches me, I'll pay!"

Miss Solomon, in the title role, did excellent work throughout, and her French was a delight to hear; while Miss Sharples proved a most satisfactory wife for her rogue of a husband—her hysterics were quite as effective in driving away their creditor as was Patelin's madness. M. Guillaume Joceume (Miss Abbott) was a very good portrayal of a merchant—none too honest himself—driven to his wit's ends by the chicanery of two scoundrels, cleverer than he. Miss Nichol played the part of the extremely pompous and bored judge, while Miss L. Macdonald as Aquelet, had some of the best comedy parts, especially in the scene with Maitre Patelin, where she, or rather he—what a mixture of pronouns—confided her vagaries in sheep tending.

Miss Thibault very kindly played between the acts, and the audience enjoyed greatly.

To Mlle. Greterin is due in great measure the success of the play. Not only were the players coached by her, but the costumes and scenery were all the result of her ingenuity.

SERGT.-MAJOR BOURKE ON LEAVE IN LONDON.

A cable was received from Sergt.-Major G. W. Bourke, of the McGill Siege Artillery Draft yesterday, stating that he is in London on leave,

A YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

The Railway and Mechanical Club visited the Government Forest Products Laboratories.

Two Med. grads. became ministers in British Columbia Cabinet.

Major L. V. M. Cosgrave, past student with Sci. '14, received the D.S.O.

Corp. Ross Rutherford Hutchison, Arts '17, received the Military Medal.

Dr. Colby lectured at R. V. C. on "The Decision of Bulgaria on the Verge of War."

DR. CALDWELL SPOKE BEFORE PEOPLE'S FORUM.
(Continued from Page 1.)

responsibility with Germany for the past by pointing out that we are certainly all now responsible for the kind of peace to which we will agree. We in Canada, for example, can never in the future think of "Canada for the Canadians" in the sense that we can build up a life, and a development here without regard to the Empire, or to the Commonwealth of Nations of which the Empire and our Dominion are but parts.

"The second consideration is the somewhat trite one, that we of the Empire must obviously learn the much needed lesson of the organization of all our natural and so-called secondary resources, our economic, our cultural, our political and spiritual resources. We must do this firstly to win the war, secondly to meet the renewal of war which will undoubtedly result if Prussian leadership is not deposed in Germany, and thirdly to deal with the problems of reconstruction after the war. If we are not equal to all this we shall undoubtedly forfeit our Dominion existence to our huge neighbor on the South, who will certainly not tolerate the existence on her borders of any weak community not strong enough to shoulder its burdens and its share of the white man's burden."

"But now a few words upon what I called the apparent anomaly or contradiction of my whole subject—the bare idea of learning anything from a power that is believed by the greater portion of the civilized world to have forfeited nearly all right to the respect and esteem of mankind. Whatever Germany has or has not done in the way of nefarious conduct of the war, she had, we must remember a theory, to the effect that the more terrible and frightful war can be, the more quickly will it be over. If Germany has sinned, she has sinned strongly and knowingly and deliberately. Our real quarrel, therefore, is not merely with the execution of the theory, but with the theory itself. Then again, the moment that England entered the war Germany's original hope of world conquest was ruined at the outset—since that she has been fighting like an enraged animal, resolved to sell his life as dearly as possible."

The average German, apart from the Prussian, is a peace loving, sentimental, plodding creature, who would leave the great world alone if he were allowed to, seeking only to enjoy it and to contemplate it through the smoke of his pipe and the world of Beethoven and Wagner, contemplating it almost in the manner of our own Mr. Pickwick. He has accepted very much in spite of himself, Prussia, as the leader of his country, because Prussia unified it in consequence of the wars with Austria and France, and made it a great modern Empire, instead of a loose collection of mediaeval sovereignties. It goes without saying that the Germans as a people have made sacrifices for the supposed Pan-Germans of Prussia-Germany, quite comparable to the freer, equally unquestioning sacrifices of the Britishers and Canadians at the call of duty. I say at the call of duty, for at the moment of going to war, the average Britisher had nothing like the carefully fostered and the exalted sense of the great mission of his country that the German had.

And again, if the faults of the Germans have since the war been written in letters of fire across the whole of creation, we must remember that despite the present united spirit of our whole Empire, our faults as a people were seen by the Germans years before the war, and they could to-day give us a catalogue of our faults and failings which to the eyes of an impartial judge would probably equal the catalogue of their overt sins and wrongs that have to do chiefly with the war, and with its effects upon us and the Allies. We ought to have at least taken a fraction of the trouble that she took to study us for years—even although in that study she misused our soul. But perhaps she was not alone to blame for this, for we may have been as many of our friends told us, gradually losing our soul.

"Then again, can anyone deny the impressive array of the qualities of strength and resourcefulness and mastery that have been shown by the Germans in the war? As they entered the war the Germans were veritably the strongest, the brainiest, and the most virile people in Europe as these qualities were understood at the time. If we are, as we certainly are, being led to revise our conceptions of strength and of brain and of intellect and of virility, we will have the Germans to thank for the fact of the change, and the extent of it, for they have actually crucified themselves and humanity on the altar of the Superman—the supposed strong man who conceives his own great dreams of a reign of reason and of the idea of universality and dominion, and who overturns and tramples upon the various signs of what he mistakenly despises as sentimentalism and humanitarianism of our

(Continued on Page 4.)

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 100 Years (1817-1917)
Capital Paid up, \$16,000,000. Undivided Profits, \$1,557,024. Total Assets, \$386,806,887.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Sir Vincent Meredith, Bart., President
Sir Charles Gordon, K.C.B.E., Vice-President
R. B. Angus, Esq., Lord Shaughnessy, K.C.V.O., C. R. Hooper, Esq.
H. R. Drummond, Esq., D. Forbes Angus, Esq., Wm. McMaster, Esq.
Major Herbert Molson, M.C., Harold Kennedy, Esq.
H. W. Beauchamp, Esq., G. B. Fraser, Esq.
Colonel Henry Cockburn, J. H. Ashdown, Esq.

General Manager—Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor
Assistant General Manager—A. D. Braithwaite

BRANCHES OF THE BANK LOCATED IN ALL IMPORTANT CITIES AND TOWNS IN THE DOMINION

Savings Department connected with each Canadian Branch and interest allowed at current rates. Collections at all points throughout the world undertaken at favorable rates. Travellers' Cheques, Limited Cheques and Travellers' Letters of Credit issued, negotiable in all parts of the world.

This Bank, with its branches at every important point in Canada, offers exceptional facilities for the transaction of a general banking business.

PRINCIPAL BRANCHES OUTSIDE OF CANADA:
NEW YORK: 64 Wall Street
SAN FRANCISCO: 100 South La Salle Street
SPokane, Washington
NEWFOUNDLAND: St. John's, Carleton Place and Grand Falls

London, Eng.: 47 Threadneedle St., E.C.
G. C. CASSELLS Manager
Sub-Agency—9 Waterloo Place
Paris, France: 10, rue de la Paix
Palm Mall, S.W.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Incorporated 1869
Capital Authorized, \$25,000,000. Capital Paid Up, \$12,911,700. Reserve Funds, \$14,324,000.

BRANCHES IN MONTREAL DISTRICT:
Main (City) Branch—147 St. James St.

Amherst and Ontario Branch.
Amherst and St. Catherine.
Atwater Avenue.
Beaubien St.—Cor. St. Lawrence Blvd.
Beaver Hall—Cor. Dorchester.
Bonaventure Branch.
Donatour Market Branch.
Cote des Neiges Branch.
Cote St. Paul Branch.
Laurier Ave.—Cor. Park Ave.
Papineau Ave.—Cor. Mt. Royal.
Place d'Armes Branch.
St. Catherine and Bleury.
St. Denis and St. Catherine.

St. Matthew St. Branch.
Seigneurs St.—Cor. Notre Dame West.
Sherbrooke and Addington.
Sherbrooke and Bleury.
Sherbrooke and Draper.
Stanley St.—Cor. St. Catherine West.
Van Horne Ave.—Cor. Hutchison Street.
Westmount.—Greene Ave., Cor. St. Catherine W.
Westmount—Victoria Ave. Cor. Sherbrooke St.

MONTREAL WEST. ST. LAMBERT. LONGUEUIL.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT AT ALL BRANCHES

THE Merchants' Bank of Canada

ESTABLISHED 1864
Paid-up Capital \$7,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits \$7,421,292

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

236 Branches in Canada, extending from Atlantic to Pacific

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT AT ALL BRANCHES

Deposits received of \$1.00 and upwards, and interest allowed at best current rates.

SERVE THE EMPIRE BY SAVING

Every dollar spent in non-essentials weakens the cause of the Empire. All cannot fight but all can save.

Open an account with

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA

and start saving at once. Every dollar that you set aside not only helps yourself but helps the financing of the War. Interest allowed on Savings Accounts at current rates.

Uptown Branch: 365 St. Catherine St. West.
Manager: G. H. GREENING.

Other City Branches:
Longueuil. Rosemount. Verdun.

140 St. James St.

Students of McGill and their friends

Be WISE Follow the advice given by the Rulers of our country: SAVE and you will have done well.

Train yourself in the habit of THRIFT so essential to your WELFARE. The BEST WAY to do this is to open an account to-day with

The Montreal City and District Savings Bank
Head Office and Fourteen Branches in the City of Montreal

Every courtesy and attention will be shown to you whether your account be large or small.

N. W. Power, Manager.
Branch: corner McGill College Avenue and St. Catherine Street West.

INCORPORATED 1835

THE MOLSONS BANK

CAPITAL AND RESERVE, \$8,800,000
88 Branches in Canada

A General Banking Business Transacted
CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT
BANK MONEY ORDERS
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed at highest current rate
SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

At 525 St. Catherine Street West (corner Stanley Street)

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

If you are looking for a BOOK that may be OUT OF PRINT and unobtainable—TRY US. We have THOUSANDS OF SECOND-HAND BOOKS in good condition, covering all subjects, at RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES.

We PURCHASE COMPLETE LIBRARIES or Small Lots for Cash, and remove same immediately at our expense.
Phone Main 6178
Dealers in NEW & SECOND-HAND BOOKS, 60 BLEURY STREET

The Diamond News Co.

Christmas Gifts
For Gentlemen

JAEGER PURE WOOL SCARVES, from \$1.50
PURE SILK KNITTED SCARVES, from \$3.50
JAEGER PURE WOOL GLOVES, from \$1.25
SILK-LINED, WOOL-LINED and FUR-LINED
BUCK GLOVES \$2.50 to \$8.50
RICH SILK NECKWEAR, from \$1.00

PURE SILK SHIRTS and PYJAMAS,
JAEGER PURE WOOL SWEATERS,
SHIRTS, SOCKS, DRESSING GOWNS,
RUGS, BLANKETS and SLEEPING BAGS.

Miltons Limited

Retail Selling Agents for Jaeger Goods.

The Jaeger Store, 326 St. Catherine St. W.
(Opposite Goodwin's)



Miss M. POOLE
45 MCGILL COLLEGE AVENUE

Has now on hand all the
Text Books and Supplies
for use at the McGill
University during the
coming session. :: ::



Wolf Sets

As the result of new methods of treatment the best quality of Wolf is hardly distinguishable from Fox to-day—either in fur texture or color.

We sell the best quality only.

Blue Wolf Sets

A new shade in light brown wolf—animal shaped scarf, with head, tail and paws—with plain melon muff to match.

The Set, \$57.50

Wolf Sets

In the new battleship grey color—from selected skins—large animal stole, with round muff to match.

The Set, \$81.00 Net

Blue Wolf Stoles

Smart stoles in the new deep cape animal effect. Trimmed with natural heads, tails, and paws—and finished in silk crepe.

The Set, \$45.00

Black Wolf Sets

Made from selected skins—large shaped animal stole, with round muff to match. Trimmed with natural heads, tails and paws.

The Set, \$61.50

Fairweathers Limited

St. Catherine Street, at Peel

Toronto MONTREAL Winnipeg



Canada Can Boast

of possessing the largest ice Skate factory under the British flag.

The world renowned "Acme" Skate originated and was first made in this factory.

Since then the Company has been untiring in their endeavor to keep this long lead ahead of others by making

Starr Skates

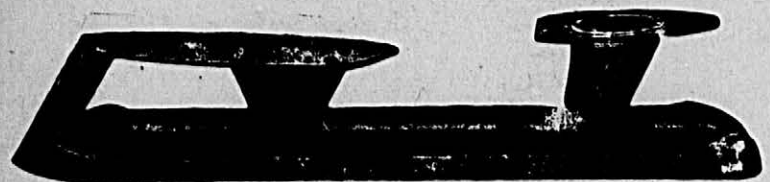
the "Acme" of perfection. So confident are they of the high quality of Starr Skates that every Starr Skate sold carries the following

GUARANTEE

All Starr Skates are guaranteed to be of the highest quality. If they prove defective within one year your dealer will exchange them for a new pair FREE OF CHARGE.

Starr Skates are made in many models specially adapted for all forms of sport.

HOCKEY — RACING — FIGURE — RINK SKATING.



Write for our latest catalog—now ready—illustrating all leading "Starr" Models.

The Starr Manufacturing Co., LIMITED

Dartmouth N. S. Toronto Branch - 122 Wellington St. W.

THE ROYAL TRUST CO. EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES

Capital Fully Paid \$1,000,000 Reserve Fund \$1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sir Vincent Meredith, Bart, President
Sir H. Montagu Allan, C.V.O., Vice-President
Sir Charles Gordon, Lieut.-Col. Bartlett
K.C.B.E. McLennan, D.S.O.
Hon. Sir Lomer Gouin, K.C.M.G.
Major Herbert Molson, M.C.
Lord Shaughnessy, K.C.V.O.
Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor
A. E. Holt, Manager

OFFICE AND SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS

107 ST. JAMES STREET MONTREAL
Branches: Calgary, Edmonton, Halifax, Ottawa, Quebec, Regina, St. John, N.B.
St. John's Nfld., Toronto, Vancouver, Victoria, Winnipeg.

C. MEREDITH & COMPANY, LIMITED

DIRECTORS

C. Meredith, Pres.
C. R. Hosmer
D. C. Macarow
Sir Charles Gordon, K.C.B.E., Vice-Pres.
A. E. Holt
Wm. McMaster
H. B. McDougall
Lt.-Col. Bartlett McLennan, D.S.O.
J. J. Reid

We purchase entire issues of Bonds, and deal in Government, Municipal, Railway and other Investment Securities.

Head Office - 112 St. James Street, Montreal

John M. Mackie, Manager A. P. B. Williams, Secretary
London Office - 46 Threadneedle Street, E.C.

McDOUGALL & COWANS

MEMBERS MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

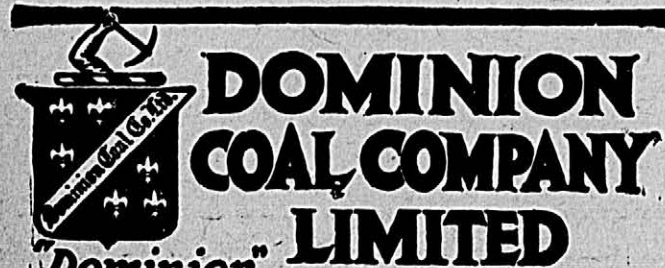
STOCK BROKERS

Private wires to New York, Quebec, Ottawa, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John and Halifax.

Quebec Branch: 116 Mountain Hill
Ottawa Branch: Union Bank Bldg., Sparks Street
Winnipeg: 438 Main Street

Vancouver: Standard Bank Building
St. John: 58 Prince William Street
Halifax: 185 Hollis Street

93-95 WEST NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL



Dominion and Springhill BITUMINOUS STEAM and GAS COALS

GENERAL SALES OFFICE
112 St. James St. Montreal

HENRY BIRKS & SONS LIMITED

OFFICIAL MCGILL JEWELLERY

STUDENTS are reminded that we regularly stock a wide variety of MCGILL EMBLEMS in many styles. Our Jewellery manufacturing department is always glad to submit for consideration, prices and designs for any new pieces which may be required.

Sketches and quotations can be furnished for special Fraternal Plans.

HENRY BIRKS & SONS LIMITED - PHILLIPS SQUARE

DR. CALDWELL SPOKE BEFORE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

(Continued from Page 3.)

emasculated civilization. At this shrine, however, of the successful man and the masterful and the strong, we have most of us in America, Canada and elsewhere been worshipping, pretending of course, once we have succeeded to recognize the old amenities and the old sanctities, that Prussia has now definitely thrown behind her, preferring 'Corsica to Gallies!' 'Napoleon to Christ.'

"So much by way of excuses for the procedure of Germany, although we are still a very long way from the ability or the power to apologise for her. We will have to leave this, and the matter of our own deserts to posterity. It is only humanity as a whole that as the Latin proverb has it can be the final arbiter.

"There are now, Ladies and Gentlemen, several courses open to me, although I think I have given indications of the perspective in which I am inclined to view my whole subject. I might take up the organization of the life of a people that is commonly said now to be the only thing which we, the rest of the world, can take by way of a lesson from the blood and iron Prussian. It is not of course, the only thing, although it is a very important thing, and I shall refer to one or two of its aspects later on, that are applicable to England and Canada. As the late Prof. Munsterberg (with whom Dr. Caldwell worked in Germany, has put it that the Germans stood as it were for the 'over-soul' in civilization, for the soul of the whole that is greater than the soul of the individual—individualism being in his eyes the defect of our whole Anglo-Saxon attitude as distinct from the German.

"Being anxious to get to our own problems, let us think here of a few of the notorious faults of our English life, of our traditional British civilization, as it has appeared to the Germans. Among the first of these I would put the general amateurishness of our whole system of education, and of our requirements for the professional public services. Our education the typical public school and University education has been for centuries the supposed literary or cultural education of the superior or governing classes, and it reflects the education in vogue about the time of Shakespeare or the late Middle Ages. Our so-called better classes—with many exceptions of course—looked a few years ago upon business, trade and war and public question as the man of leisure looks upon sport or gardening or art, as 'avocations' rather than avocations demanding a special training and knowledge. Not many years ago many cultivated scholars at Oxford and Cambridge lived in constant dread of some German book coming out and rendering superfluous studies to which they had given years. Years ago, for example, when she had almost no colonies, Germany had chairs in her Universities upon Colonial politics and Colonial policy. 'We will never be gentlemen, and you will always be fools,' said a German officer to a brother English officer who was talking to him of our sportsman-like way of conducting war and other things. The famous Trietschke, the great nationalist historian of Prussia, disliked the whole association of the term gentleman, preferring for himself to be called and to aim at being a 'Tanzemann,' a whole man. I have not, of course, the time to show how the education and training of the common people in England was for a long time but a feeble echo of the so-called literary or cultural education of the upper classes—with no playground training, no applied science, no hygiene before the plunge into the machinery of the factory system.

"One of the greatest needs of education in England and Canada, apart from the general reform I have spoken of is the development of the continuation school after the age of 15 or 16. The Germans have emphasized the importance of the continuation school, as the continuation of the education of the boy or girl for the work of life, and the work of business, for the work of citizenship and for national service.

"Another great fault of Britain in the eyes of Germany, in addition to her general amateurishness and imperfect educational system, is the absence hitherto of any sound theory or of any consistent practice in the matter of the influence of the State upon social affairs generally, upon business, upon the organization and development of the country as a whole. What would Germany not give to be able to organize the infinitely greater resources of Britain and her Colonies! Now, of course, this whole matter of the influence of the State or Sovereignty in the British system is a most delicate and difficult question, involving as it does that of the deep-seated British predilection for personal liberty. It may well be, indeed, that the characteristic British contributions to the thought and the practice of mankind, the doctrine of the personal liberty of the subject is in its way just as great, just as vital as the equally important German doctrine of organization. In fact, we are all now slowly learning the lesson that there can be no liberty of the individual or of the many, no liberty of the rich and the strong, and the competent, no liberty of one man before the law of nations unless the lives and activities of all citizens of a community are organized in the light of a common purpose.

"I will but state here, however, one or two more things in respect of the defective political philosophy, and the defective political procedure of our country as Germany sees us. The very idea of the State has generally been discredited in Great Britain by some of the foremost teachers of political science. As over against this disparagement, the most enlightened Liberalism of recent years has been acting upon the fact that the State

MENTIONED IN DESPATCHES.

Flight Sub-Lieutenant G. A. Magor, Arts 17, of the Royal Naval Air Service, is among those recently mentioned in despatches. Magor joined the N.R.A.S. early in the history of the war, and pursued his training in the United States, as there was at that time no aviation camp in Canada. Prior to enlisting Magor took an active interest in student activities, and was especially identified with his class hockey team.

is the most powerful and the only efficient agency that exists for the perfecting of human life and the securing of the liberties of all. And even apart from the fact of things like the whole Factory and Social Legislation of the 19th Century, the Insurance System, Great Britain can never go back again from her present practically complete state organization of the activities of her people, to the chaotic individualism and the chaotic 'let-alone' system of the older Liberalism. Then there is another thing that is equally familiar to British students of political philosophy, and it is this. There is no one theory of the State that has met with anything like a general acceptance on the part of the British statesmen and British thinkers.

"Now I think that I know a good deal about the strength and the weakness of the British temperament, about its tendency to trust to experience and to usage and to precedent—rather than to clear-cut theory, to pure theory. And having written a book upon the newer or American philosophy of Pragmatism, I know something about the wisdom of holding any and all theories tentatively and experimentally, rather than dogmatically and uncompromisingly. We really cannot afford any more loose and unsettled thinking about the State or about the functions and duty of the British State in particular.

The remainder of the address will be given in a much abbreviated form. Dr. Caldwell went on at this point to discuss the working out of the Prussian theory of State in Germany, and to give the views of some of their leading thinkers in State philosophy. In conclusion, Dr. Caldwell drew some general lessons that we might draw from Germany and from this war.

Firstly, individualism as a principle of life has had a deathblow. Secondly, all talk of pacifists to the effect that we are coming into organized Prussians is both mischievous and untrue. We are going to be a different nation after the war. Our Canada will be a modernized Canada.

Thirdly, we must revise our educational system and do away with our amateurishness and belief in traditional education. Fourthly, Canada must have an idea of the contribution she is going to make to the world's progress. There is no chosen race, no dominant people, and Canada must take her place among the nations of the world.

"Fifthly we must not be idealists entirely, but should aim ultimately to

IMPERIAL

TO-DAY and TUESDAY,

Ann Pennington

Personified youth and dare-deviltry in a story from girlhood to womanhood.

"The Antics of Ann"

WEDNESDAY to SATURDAY,

Elsie Ferguson

presents a photoplay which will be the leader of any shown during the week—the much-loved novel

"The Rise of Jennie Cushing"

World-Renowned operatic bass
Castellanos-Varillat

--- COMING SOON ---
AT ALL THE LEADING THEATRES

Pathe's Big 4 Star Serial

"The Hidden Hand"

FEATURING

Doris Kenyon, Sheldon Lewis.
Arline Pretty & Mahlon Hamilton

A photoplay serial replete with thrilling scenes, amazing mystery, intrigue extending from an emperor's palace to New York's slums, and the whole interspersed with a beautiful love story.

Specialty Film Import, Limited.

raise in practice the standard of the common life. "And lastly, we can draw many lessons that might be applied to ethics, to religion and Christianity. In the lively discussion of the subject fol-

ORPHEUM

25 CENT MATINEE EVERY DAY.
Gene Greene.
"In the Dark."
Elinore and Williams.
Picer and Williams.
Rome and Cox.
Marie Fitzgibbon.
Hanlon and Clifton.
Jim Racey.

GAYETY

Burlesque De Luxe
Ladies' 10 Cent Matinee
Every Day.
The Famous
LONDON BELLES,
With
Geo. F. Hayes, Ted Burns and
Kate Pullman.

FRANCAIS

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,
"THE TALE OF A COAT."
Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
Lamarte Bros — Leona Guernsey.

LOEW'S

Vaudeville Theatre

Corner St. Catherine and Mansfield Streets

Week of December 3rd.

RESISTA

The 98 pound girl no man can lift
"CHILDREN OF FRANCE"
War Drama

Four — Other Acts — Four

"PARENTAGE"

The greatest screen message of the age

Continuous Performance 1-11 p.m.

Prices: Aft.: 10-15c. Night: 15-25c.

PARTIAL STUDENTS TO GIVE TEA.

There will be a tea given under the auspices of the Partial Students' Society of the Royal Victoria College on Saturday the 8th, from 4 to 6.30 p.m. An admission fee of 25 cents will be charged, which will include the cost of the tea, and the proceeds will be devoted to the University Settlement. All are invited to attend.

lowed. Dr. Caldwell was able to answer very satisfactorily all the questions put to him, and thereby added greatly to the development of the subject.

"Yours truly" Service

What caused a new firm in the tailoring trade to jump to the front?—to get ahead of houses established for half a century?

To keep ahead and stay in your mind as the Leaders in Men's Clothing?

It was real Service. Putting into your Coat and Overcoat the tailoring that would please you to the last dollar of what you paid.

Only good woollens and good tailoring will do this. We supervise the making of a suit from the sheep's back to your back. And we take back what does not please. \$18 to \$45—Suits and Overcoats.



Semi-ready Tailoring

The R. J. Tooke Stores